

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/747,633 12/29/2003		Steven J. Demopoulos	G&C 30566.103-US-C1	5734
7590 11/03/2004			EXAMINER	
Attn: Jason S. Feldmar Gates & Cooper LLP			SHAH, SANJIV	
Howard Hughes Center			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	ve West, Suite 1050		2176 DATE MAR ED. 11/02/2004	
Los Angeles, C	A 90045			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		2				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/747,633	DEMOPOULOS ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Sanjiv D. Shah	2176				
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		,				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 L	December 2003.					
	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under I	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application	.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•					
Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers	V	·				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigra) All b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received in Applicati	on No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ority documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage				
application from the International Burea	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
Attachment(s)		•				

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/29/2003.

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)

6) Other: ____.

Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1-18 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-11 of U.S. Patent No. 6,675,355. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the instant claims are broader. All the limitations are covered by the patented claims. The only difference is that some patented features are not claimed in the instant claims.

It would have been obvious for a person with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide annotation or redline document with limited features as described in Patent # 6,675,355 because it aids in displaying the documents with annotations thus providing broader coverage.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee et al. (Patent # 6,480,865) in view of Schilit et al. (Patent # 6,279,041).

Regarding claims 1, 7, 13, Lee et al. teaches a method of annotating (which is equivalent to redlining/marking) the XML document as described in the abstract, line 1. Accessing RedlineXML document (fig 2, element 202) that confirms to RedlineXML schema (col. 2, lines 10-19), wherein the schema identifies the structure of the XML document (col. 2, lines 17-20) comprising:

A base document element that identifies a base document (col. 5, lines 1-5, & fig. 2, element 206) and

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Object element comprising one or more attributes for displaying markup object (fig 2, element 210, col. 2, lines 37-44, col. 5, lines 60-col. 6, lines 15, wherein the Java class object comprises one or more attributes for markup object).

Lee et al teaches a method of reading objects and documents from computer but fails to specifically teach a displaying device displaying the redline or annotation markup on the base document in accordance with object elements and attributes. Schilit et al. does. Specifically Schilit et al. teaches displaying annotations according to attributes as shown in fig 2, element S160.

Therefore it would have been obvious for a person with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to display redline or annotations in the method of Lee et al. because it provides flexible organization of material without adding to the effort of reading and note taking as described by Schillit et al. (col. 3, lines 20-25).

Regarding claims 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, Lee et al. teaches object element specifying constraints (col. 2, lines 17-20) and attributes (col. 2, lines 37-44) for drawing redline object.

Regarding claims 5, 11, 17 Lee et al. teaches the claimed invention of object element being markup plane and XML document identifying the plane as described in col. 4, lines 42-48 and col. 5, lines 1-4.

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Regarding claims 6, 12, 18, parsing the document are taught by Lee et al. (col. 2, lines 12-15). Displaying the document is taught by Schilit et al. (fig 2, element S160).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sanjiv D. Shah whose telephone number is (571) 272-4098. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph H Feild can be reached on (571) 272-4090. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sanjiv D. Shah Primary Examiner Art Unit 2176

S. Shah October 31, 2004